AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

- (Currently Amended) A process for the preparation of epoxides comprising reacting an
 olefinic compound with a peroxide compound in the presence of an epoxidation catalyst obtained
 according to a process comprising:
- (a) blending a mixture comprising a TS-1 titanium zeolite powder, water, at least one silicon derivative binder, at least one plasticizer in an amount of at least 1% and less than 10% by weight relative to the weight of titanium zeolite employed, a pore-forming substance and optionally other additives, in order to form a paste, said plasticizer and said pore-forming substance being distinct from one another and said pore-forming substance being added to the mixture in step (a) in an amount of from 5 to 35% by weight, compared to the weight of the titanium zeolite, and said binder being added to the mixture in step (a) in an amount of more than 5% and less than 20% by weight, compared to the weight of the titanium zeolite,
 - (b) shaping the paste obtained in step (a) by extrusion, in order to obtain an extrudate,
 - (c) drying in order to remove at least some of the water, and
- (d) calcining in order to remove at least some of the organic residues present and form pores, and comprising a granulation step carried out between the shaping step (b) and the drying step (c) or after the calcining step (d), in order to obtain extruded granules.
- (Previously Presented) The process according to claim 1, wherein the titanium zeolite
 has a crystalline structure of the ZSM-5, ZSM-11, MCM-41 type, and wherein the binder is
 converted into a material forming a matrix of the catalyst during the calcination.

- (Original) The process according to claim 1, wherein the titanium zeolite has an infrared absorption band at about 950-960 cm⁻¹.
- (Previously Presented) The process according to claim 1, wherein the titanium zeolite is a silicalite satisfying a formula xTiO₂(1-x)SiO₂ in which x is from 0.0001 to 0.5.
- (Original) The process according to claim 1, wherein the extruded granules are cylindrical and have a diameter of from 0.5 to 5 mm, and a length of from 1 to 8 mm.
- (Original) The process according to claim 1, wherein the catalyst contains from 1 to
 by weight, of titanium zeolite, the remainder consisting of a matrix.
- (Original) The process according to claim 1, wherein the plasticizer is a polysaccharide and the binder comprises a siloxane derivative.
- (Original) The process according to claim 1 wherein the titanium zeolite powder employed in step (a) has a mean diameter of less than or equal to 10 μm.
- 9-10. (Cancelled)
- 11. (Original) The process according to claim 7, wherein the polysaccharide is a cellulose selected from the group consisting of methyl cellulose, carboxymethyl cellulose and hydroxyethyl cellulose and the silicon derivative comprises a siloxane.
- 12. (Cancelled)

- (Original) The process according to claim 1, wherein the pore-forming substance comprises melamine.
- 14. (Currently Amended) A process for the preparation of an epoxide selected from the group consisting of 1,2-epoxy-3-chloropropane and 1,2-epoxypropane, comprising reacting an olefinic compound selected from the group consisting of allyl chloride and propylene, with hydrogen peroxide, in the presence of an epoxidation catalyst obtained according to a process comprising:
- (a) blending a mixture comprising a TS-1 titanium zeolite powder, water, at least one silicon derivative binder, at least one plasticizer in an amount of at least 1% and less than 10% by weight relative to the weight of titanium zeolite employed, a pore-forming substance and optionally other additives, in order to form a paste, said plasticizer and said pore-forming substance being distinct from one another and said pore-forming substance being added to the mixture of step a) in an amount from 5 to 35% by weight, compared to the weight of the titanium zeolite, and said binder being added to the mixture in step (a) in an amount of more than 5% and less than 20% by weight, compared to the weight of the titanium zeolite,
 - (b) shaping the paste obtained in step (a) by extrusion, in order to obtain an extrudate,
 - (c) drying in order to remove at least some of the water, and
- (d) calcining in order to remove at least some of the organic residues present and form pores, and comprising a granulation step carried out between the shaping step (b) and the drying step (c) or after the calcining step (d), in order to obtain extruded granules.
- 15. (Previously Presented) The process according to claim 1, wherein the pore-forming substance is added to the mixture of step (a) in an amount of from 6 to 14% by weight.

- 16. (New) The process according to claim 1, wherein in step (a), the pore-forming substance is added to the mixture in an amount from 5 to 20% by weight, compared to the weight of the titanium zeolite.
- 17. (New) The process according to claim 1, wherein in step (a), the pore-forming substance is added to the mixture in an amount from 5 to 14% by weight, compared to the weight of the titanium zeolite.
- 18. (New) The process according to claim 14, wherein in step (a), the pore-forming substance is added to the mixture in an amount from 5 to 20% by weight, compared to the weight of the titanium zeolite.
- 19. (New) The process according to claim 14 wherein in step (a), the pore-forming substance is added to the mixture in an amount from 5 to 14% by weight, compared to the weight of the titanium zeolite.